ANSWERS TO EVEN-NUMBERED EXERCISES

- 2. What steps are required for mapping a Windows user to a Linux user?
 - Set the **username map** parameter in **smb.conf** to point to the map file, frequently /**etc/samba/smbusers**, add the user to /**etc/samba/smbusers**, and use smbpasswd with the **-a** option to create and assign a Samba password to the user.
- 4. What is the purpose of the **[homes]** share? Should this share be browseable? Why?
 - The **[homes]** share implicitly shares the home directory of each user without having to define specific shares. It should not be browseable because being browseable exposes usernames (names of the directories in **[homes]**), making it easier for a malicious user to break into the system.
- 6. Which configuration changes would you need to apply to routers if you wanted to allow SMB/CIFS browsing across multiple subnets without configuring master browsers?
 - Routers do not usually allow broadcast packets to propagate between subnets. Browsing, which uses broadcasts, is blocked by a router. Configuring the router to forward broadcast packets between subnets would allow browsing across subnets.